Presentation 12 – Lea Steele

Gulf War Illnesses and Vaccines: Overview of Epi Findings, Remaining Issues

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Possible Association of Gulf War Illnesses with Vaccines Received during the Gulf War

- . Review of Epi Findings and RAC Discussions to Date
- Remaining Issues re: Vaccines and GWI

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Vaccines and Gulf War Illnesses: Issues Discussed

- . Epi studies consistently show association of GWI with
- Greatest concerns have been raised about the anthrax vaccine
 - > High rate of acute reactions, little info re: long-term effects
 - Problems associated with manufacturing process?
 Problems with individual components of the vaccine?
- GWI-type problems among nondeployed veterans, recipients of the anthrax vaccine?

Vaccines and Gulf War Illnesses: Remaining Issues

- Research re: squalene antibodies in Gulf War veterans, AVA recipients
- Additional research related to long-term followup of AVA recipients
- Problems with vaccines other than anthrax given during the Gulf War?
- Additional research related to receipt of multiple vaccines
- Considerations re: combinations of specific vaccines, vaccines with other
- Evidence related to chronic immune activation associated with receipt of vaccines, TH1-TH2 shift (Rook hypothesis)
- Other aspects of vaccine safety (e.g. scheduling, individual components)

Vaccines and Gulf War Illnesses: Remaining Issues Squalene

- Anti-squalene antibodies in Gulf War veterans?
 - Do veterans with Gulf War illnesses have an elevated level of antibodies to squalene?
 - Is presence of these antibodies a marker for and/or a cause of GWI?
- · Was squalene in vaccines used during the Gulf War?
 - > Used as an adjuvant to enhance vaccine immunogenicity?
 - > In vaccines for some other reason?
 - > Levels capable of causing chronic illness?

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Vaccines and Gulf War Illnesses: Remaining Issues

Squalene Antibodies in III Gulf War Veterans?

Asa, Cao, Garry (2000)

ASA assay
positive

Blinded sample
PGW sick (n=38) 95 %
PGW, well (n=12) 0 %

Nondepl Gulf era (n=6) 100 %

Unblinded sample
Gulf veterans (n=86) 69%
Blood bank donors (n=48) 5%

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Vaccines and Gulf War Illnesses: Remaining Issues Squalene Antibodies in Post-Gulf AVA Recipients? Asa, Wilson, Garry (2002) ASA positive Symps? Pilot: 6 AVIP with GWI-like symps all (by def) 100% Blinded sample 19 healthy nonmilitary (age/sex matched) 0 (by def) 16% 25 AVIP vaccine recipients 52% 32% - 17 got AVA from 5 lots 76% - 8 got AVA from other lots 0% 0%

Squalene: Additional Information

- No other identified studies have compared levels of antisqualene antibodies in ill vs. healthy Gulf War veterans
- Squalene and related compounds are known to cause an autoimmune condition when injected into animals
- FDA testing identified extremely low levels of squalene in several lots of AVA, as well as diptheria and tetanus vaccines
- Government reports indicate that squalene has never been used as an adjuvant in AVA

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The Squalene Issue:

Boils down to a simple question

Are anti-squalene antibodies associated with Gulf War illnesses?

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The Squalene Issue: The primary question

Are anti-squalene antibodies associated with Gulf War illnesses?

- If NO, there is no issue
- If YES, secondary questions:

Do anti-squalene antibodies result from an immune response to squalene in AVA (as an adjuvant or for some other reason), which caused chronic illness?

OR

Are anti-squalene antibodies a marker for other pathological mechanisms underlying Gulf War illnesses (e.g., poorly understood immune abnormalities resulting from multiple vaccines, specific vaccines, or other causes)?

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The Squalene Issue: The primary question

Are anti-squalene antibodies associated with Gulf War illnesses?

- Asal Garry paper on GWI and squalene antibodies raises a straightforward question and testable hypothesis
- GAO report concurred, and recommended that a study be done to address this question
- · If Asa findings are refuted, the issue can be put to rest
- If anti-squalene antibodies are found disproportionately in ill Gulf veterans, additional questions should be addressed

Vaccines and Gulf War Illnesses: Remaining Issues
Other Potential Problems with AVA?

- Problems with manufacturing process, quality control?
- Problems with specific components of the vaccine?
 - > Earlier review by Dr. Melling
 - > PA common to both UK and US vaccines
 - $\, ilde{\,\,\,\,\,\,}\,$ Higher level of PA associated with change in manufacturing process?
- 1990 AVA vs. current AVA?

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Vaccines and Gulf War Illnesses: Remaining Issues Other Vaccines Received During the Gulf War

Identified problems with vaccines other than AVA?

- > Hasn't been looked at in detail, among U.S. personnel with complete shot records
- > No long-term follow up data for most vaccines; some known to be associated with rare cases of chronic neurological complications

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IMM UNID NO AGENT	ARMY	MAWY	AIR PORCE	MARNECORPE	COAST GUARI
Adeno virus (types 4 and 7)	Е	Е	В	В	н
Cholera	F	F	F	F	F
Hepatitic B	E,G,H	E,O,H	E,O,H	E,O,H	9,н
in 1u en za	A, B, X	ARR	A,B,R	A,B,R	B,C,H
Meadec	В,О	8,0	8,0	B,O	8,0
Mening occopal (A,C,Y,V/186)	E, H	В, Н	B, H	B, H	В,Н
Mumps	0,н	9,н	O, H	O, H	9
Plague	C, D, E, G	0,0	E	ĄG	E
Pollo	ĄR	ĄR	ĄR	ĄR	А
Rable c	D,G,H	D,G,H	D,O,H	D,O, H	н
Rubella	B,O	8,9	BG.	ВO	В
Em alipo e	E,H	В, Н	B, H	B, H	В,Н
Tetanus-diph theria	A,B,R	ABR	A,E,R	A,B,R	A,B
Typhold	C, E, H	н	C, E, H	н	E
Yellow 16 wr	C,D,E	AR	C, E	AR	B, E

F: Only when required by host abunity forenity

E:Whendeploying or hauding lohigh risk areas

Association Veterans	n of Individu	al Vaccines v	vith Health of Gulf
Study	Outcome	Vaccine	Findings
Boyd, 2003 (973 Gulf veta in Registry)	High vs. low # of symptoms	Botulinum Anthrax Meningococcus Others	OR = 1.76* OR = 1.72* OR = 1.57 NS
Canadian MOD (3,113Gulf veta)	Chronic fatigue Cogn dysf	"nonroutine" (anthrax, plague)	OR = 1.92* OR = 1.28*
Gray, 2002 (3.831 PGW veta)	GWI case def	Meningococcus Botulinum Anthrax Plague Typhoid	OR = 3.64* (unadj); 1.30*(adj) OR = 4.92* (unadj); 1.28 (adj) OR = 3.72* (unadj); 1.01 (adj) OR = 3.23* (unadj); 0.94 (adj) OR = 2.34* (unadj); 0.93 (adj)
Wolfe, 2002 (1290 Gulf veta)	СМІ	Anthra x	OR = 1.5* (a dj)
Unwin, 1999 (2,735 Gulf veta)	СМІ	Anthra x Plague Tetanus Any biological Other	OR = 1.5° OR = 1.3° OR = 1.3° OR = 1.5° NS

* Indicates statistical significance, p<0.05

Vaccines and Gulf War Illnesses: Remaining Issues **Multiple Vaccines**

- Problems with Receipt of Multiple Vaccines Simultaneously?
 - Epi studies of Gulf-era veterans suggest association of GWI with # of vaccines received
 - > Little detail re: combinations of specific vaccines
 - Some studies of effects of multiple vaccines in other populations

Study	Outcome	Vaccine	Findings
Cherry, 2001 (8210 Gulf vets)	Symptom severity score	0 1-3 4-6 7-9 10+	All* Periph* 20 264 28 27 3.5 8.2 4.2 236 4.5* 31.4
Hotopf (923 Gulf veta w/aho t recorda)	СЫ	Postde ployment OH 2 3 4 5+	OR = 1.0 OR = 2.2* OR = 2.4* OR = 2.2* OR = 5.0*
Australian study (1,426 Australian vets, used shot records)	# of symptoms	0 1-4 5-9 10+	Ratio of means = 1.0 RM = 0.9 RM = 1.0 RM = 1.3*

Vaccines and Gulf War Illnesses Epi studies suggest associations > ORs not particularly large for individual vaccines, but little attempt to look at exposure subgroups Role of multiple vaccines and combinations of individual vaccines requires additional study ★☆★ RAC-GWVI

Vaccines and Gulf War Illnesses: Recent Research Informs Remaining Questions

- · Additional research related to long-term followup of AVA recipients
- Research re: squalene antibodies in vaccine recipients
- Additional research related to receipt of multiple vaccines

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